



# Succession and Retirement

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# What We Do:

- Estate Planning
- Transition Planning
- Farm Succession & Retirement Planning
- Entity Planning
- Family Meetings
  - Help with communication



# Who We Are

- We serve 37 AgCountry offices in North Dakota, Minnesota & Wisconsin
- Fee Based Consulting – not selling any products.
- Work with your existing professionals – CPA, attorney for legal work, etc.
- “Quarterback” of your plan - Guide

# Topics Today

- Update on Estate Tax – Federal and State (MN)
- Update on Gifting
- Outlook for Estate and Gift Tax – What's Proposed?
- What are We Seeing Out There? - Address multiple popular topics/issues
- Q&A

# Estate Taxes

## What is the Estate Tax?

- The estate tax is a tax on the transfer of assets at death.
- *Estate tax applies if the total value of the taxable estate is larger than the estate tax exemption amount in the year of death.*
- If the taxable estate exceeds the exemption amount, an estate tax is imposed on the portion above the exemption before the remaining assets are distributed.

# Estate Taxes

## Is my Estate Taxable?

- Unlimited amount can be transferred to a spouse

### Federal Estate Tax Exemption:

- **2021** - \$11,700,000 per person.

**Portability between spouses can bring this to \$23,400,000.**

If exceeding, the tax is 40%.

This law is set to “sunset” December 31, 2025, and revert back to prior exemptions: \$5,000,000 per person, indexed for inflation

# State Estate Taxes

## How about State Estate Taxes?

- South Dakota, Wisconsin and North Dakota are coupled with the Federal law.
  - No specific / separate state estate tax.
- Minnesota is decoupled from Federal law.
  - Has its own separate state estate tax.

# Minnesota Estate Taxes

## Minnesota Estate Tax Exemption:

- **2021 - \$3,000,000**

+ \$2,000,000+ *potentially* for qualified farmland & business assets.

**NO PORTABILITY between spouses – DIFFERENT than federal rules. Need to use disclaimer / bypass trusts.**

For estates that exceed the exemptions, there is a tax of roughly 16%.



# MN Estate Tax: *Non-MN* Residents

May affect non-Minnesota residents if they own real estate in Minnesota:

- Real Estate in Minnesota owned by non-MN residents may be exempt from Federal estate tax but not exempt from MN estate tax
- Also, the additional exclusion for qualified land is not available to non-residents . . . Only available for Minnesota residents.

# Updates-Gifting

## Gifting Rules for 2021:

- Annual Exemption: \$15,000 per Person
  - No taxes and no tax return on first \$15,000/grantor/recipient.
  - Each recipient can receive \$30,000 as a combined gift from "mom and dad", for example.
  - If you include your child's spouse, an additional \$30,000 (\$60,000 combined) can be given without any IRS reporting with respect to gift tax returns.

# Updates-Gifting

## Gifting Rules-2021 (No MN state gift tax)\*

Lifetime Exemption: \$11,700,000/person

- If a gift exceeds \$15,000 or \$30,000/ couple, then a federal gift tax return is required.
- No gift taxes as long as the combined total is under \$11,700,000/person.

\*MN has a three year "claw back" rule.

# Updates-Gifting

## MN has a three year "claw back" rule:

- If the person giving the gift dies within 3 years of making the gift, Minnesota includes the value of the asset gifted (full FMV) when determining taxable estate for Minnesota estate taxes.
- If survives at least 3 years, not included.

# Step Up in Basis

- Inherited assets i.e. land, machinery, buildings, investments (non-IRA) receive a step-up in basis to fair market value on date of death.
  - *Ex: Land bought at \$500/acre is valued at \$4,000/acre at death; heirs receive the land with a new basis of \$4,000/acre.*

# Step Up in Basis

- Assets gifted do not receive a step-up in basis at the date of death. The basis of the grantor is the basis of the recipient:
  - *Ex: Land bought at \$500/acre is gifted to a child and 10 years later the farming parent dies. Child's basis is \$500/acre. No-step up.*

# Changes to Federal Estate and Gift Tax

## • **Biden Plan – What's been Proposed?**

- Reduce the Exemption to \$3,500,000 per person – 45% tax or
- Repeal Trump Tax Plan - reduce exemption to 2017 level which was \$5,500,000/person and 40% tax.
- Repeal Step-up in Basis – if occurs, will have major implications

*This is just a "proposal" – nothing final until when/if it becomes law.*

# What are We Seeing?

## LTC Planning

- A cash flow analysis needs to be done first to see if you are at risk of having to sell assets
- Married—can retain personal residence and \$130,380 of other assets plus 1 car, pre-paid burial and \$1,500 in cash value for life insurance
- Single/widowed—can retain \$3,000 of assets
- If you gift any asset, the “look back” period is 5 years
- For assets in ND & WI, use of Life Estate or Irrevocable Trust will work
- For assets in MN, Life Estates are more complex and use of an Irrevocable Trust will not work



# What are We Seeing?

## Estate Tax Protection Strategy – Five Parts

1. Ensure proper wills and/or trusts are in place
  - Disclaimer and Marital Trusts—especially in MN
2. Shrink the estate
  - Gift and sell assets
  - Maybe a Charitable Trust
3. Devalue the estate
  - Use of entities, especially for land

# What are We Seeing?

## Estate Tax Protection Strategy – Five Parts

### 4. Fund the estate tax

- Life insurance or designated assets that can be sold

### 5. Slow the growth of the estate

- Have farming children buy assets
- Use of Irrevocable Trusts to freeze the value of the estate

# What are We Seeing?

## Piercing the “Corporate Veil” – Asset Protection

If you don't treat your entity as a separate entity, neither will the courts.

- Not keeping accurate and timely minutes
- Co-mingled records & not keeping a separate checkbook
- Failure to maintain arm's length transactions—rental agreements!
- Intermingling corporate assets and shareholder assets
- Treating corporate assets as individual assets

# What are We Seeing?

## Need for Written Documentation

If it is not in writing it does not exist!

Examples:

- Farm transition plan between parents and farming child. No will / estate plan that includes the plan. Parents die. What happens?
- No buy-sell agreement between co-owners of a business entity (partnership, corporation, etc.) One co-owner dies unexpectedly. What happens?

# What are We Seeing?

## Asset Co-Ownership Issues – Need Buy-Sell

### Co-ownership issue:

- Buy-sell agreement in place?
  - Dissolution
  - Death
  - Departure
  - Divorce
  - Disability

# What are We Seeing?

## Asset Co-Ownership Issues – Need Buy-Sell

### Buy-sell agreement

- Determines who can be an owner, when something happens.
  - I.e. co-owner wants to sell their share to an outsider.
- Determines how to value the assets at issue.
  - If a triggering event occurs, how do you determine what the value of the assets are? Need to do so ahead of time.
- Determines how the payment will occur.
  - Cash at closing? Paid in installments?

# What are We Seeing?

## Needing Clarity on What Avoids Probate

- Last Wills and Testament do NOT avoid probate.  
In order to do that, you need to have non-probate transfers established (i.e. TODD's, and/or a Revocable Living Trust based estate plan.)
- Revocable Living Trusts can avoid probate if they are properly Funded.  
This means that the assets are transferred into the trust / controlled by trust. Most assets need to be transferred into the trust; i.e. land, stock, bank accounts, etc. Exception: Qualified Retirement Accounts.

If a revocable living trust is not fully funded, it will go through probate at death.

# What are We Seeing?

## Need to have an Updated Estate Plan

### Ensuring the plan works as you intend:

Ensuring the plan is updated, well thought out and tested is important, especially when a next generation farmer is taking over.

- Run the plan through your balance sheet:  
If there are buyout provisions, can the farm afford them?



# What are We Seeing?

## Proper Asset Titling

This is crucial to assure that the will or trust functions the way you want.

- For example, land held as joint tenants with right of survivorship is not handled by your will. Thus, disclaimer trusts cannot be used.
- For example, if you have a revocable living trust, and your assets are not properly titled / controlled by the trust ("funded"), the trust will not avoid probate at your death.

# What are We Seeing? Procrastination

Easy to put off this type of planning.

There's no filing deadline for your estate plan to be completed.

- i.e. no penalty if not filed by April 15<sup>th</sup>.

**BUT - We ALL have a "deadline." Guaranteed.**

We see the consequences of people passing their deadline with no plan in place, or an old, outdated plan.

# QUESTIONS?



Thank you for Attending!

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